In response to the increased needs of mental health and psychosocial support, tailored services and community support activities have become essential more than ever. While services continue to be provided remotely, face-to-face counseling for critical cases are conducted with COVID-19 preventative measures in place.

Photo by UNHCR Iraq / Rasheed Hussein
Regional Overview

In 2020, the Regional Refugee and Resilience Plan (3RP) seeks a total of US$ 6 billion to support over 5.5 million registered Syrian refugees in Turkey, Lebanon, Jordan, Iraq and Egypt in support of national efforts, as well as 4.5 million host community members. Over the last ten years, these host countries have generously hosted Syrian refugees despite the challenging economic situations in which poverty rates were already high. The majority of refugee men, women, girls, and boys and vulnerable host communities were already living on or beneath national poverty levels before COVID-19 and the outbreak of the pandemic has exacerbated these pre-existing protection risks and socio-economic challenges especially for Syrian girls and women who are the most affected by COVID-19. It also puts the economies, services and infrastructure of host countries and communities even further under strain. Therefore, in addition to the Regional Strategic Overview and its country chapters, 3RP developed a 3RP COVID-19 Appeal followed by a full revision of the entire 3RP plan to ensure the additional needs generated by COVID-19 will be met, while also ensuring that originally planned critical programmes are not forced to close or reduce their interventions, which would have a devastating impact on an already fragile situation. By June 2020, US$ 1.6 billion have been funded across the region requiring US$ 4.3 billion in the remainder of the year. 3RP’s support to national and local institutions is more critical than ever in order to deliver basic social services and help maintain social cohesion.

**Regional Return Trend**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number of returnees per month</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>5,296 4,841 2,462 2,302 1,828 967 612 558 1,120 2,255 326</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Resettlement Submissions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number of resettlement submissions per month</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>5,000 4,500 2,500 2,000 1,500 1,000 500 1,100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Refugee Demography**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-17</td>
<td>22.3%</td>
<td>22.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18-59</td>
<td>33.7%</td>
<td>21.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60+</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Data source:** [https://data2.unhcr.org/en/situations/syria](https://data2.unhcr.org/en/situations/syria)
## Funding

### Funding Status

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement Type</th>
<th>Requirements (in USD)</th>
<th>Received (in USD)</th>
<th>% Funded</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-COVID-19 Requirements</td>
<td>$5,995,975,757</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COVID-19 Requirements</td>
<td>$5,237,670,619</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Funding Received</td>
<td>$1,557,041,433</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Estimated Agency Funding

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Agency</th>
<th>Requirements (in USD)</th>
<th>Received (in USD)</th>
<th>% Funded</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN Agencies, Fund, Programmes</td>
<td>4,658,877,253</td>
<td>1,311,764,295</td>
<td>28%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International NGOs</td>
<td>559,759,793</td>
<td>171,549,621</td>
<td>30.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National NGOs</td>
<td>777,338,710</td>
<td>57,740,763</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Funding in Previous Years (End-Year)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>UN Required</th>
<th>UN Received</th>
<th>UN Funded</th>
<th>International NGO Required</th>
<th>International NGO Received</th>
<th>International NGO Funded</th>
<th>National NGO Required</th>
<th>National NGO Received</th>
<th>National NGO Funded</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>USD 2.38 b</td>
<td>71%</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>USD 61.9 b</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>USD 61.9 b</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>USD 4.32 b</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>USD 63.8 b</td>
<td>63%</td>
<td>62%</td>
<td>USD 63.8 b</td>
<td>63%</td>
<td>62%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>USD 4.54 b</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>USD 61.9 b</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>USD 61.9 b</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>USD 5.38 b</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>USD 61.9 b</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>USD 61.9 b</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>USD 5.6 b</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>USD 61.9 b</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>USD 61.9 b</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>USD 5.4 b</td>
<td>57%</td>
<td>56%</td>
<td>USD 61.9 b</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>USD 61.9 b</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>60%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Sector Funding

#### Protection
- USD 325 m / 43% received
- USD 751 m required

#### Food Security
- USD 215 m / 19% received
- USD 707 m required

#### Education
- USD 249 m / 31% received
- USD 791 m required

#### Health & Nutrition
- USD 106 m / 25% received
- USD 433 m required

#### Basic Needs
- USD 265.5 m / 21% received
- USD 1.24 b required

#### Shelter
- USD 17 m / 14% received
- USD 118.6 m required

#### WASH
- USD 60.6 m / 21% received
- USD 295 m required

#### Livelihoods
- USD 79 m / 10% received
- USD 817 m required

### Country Funding

#### Turkey
- 1.302 b required
- 97% funded

#### Lebanon
- 2.056 b required
- 19% funded

#### Iraq
- 293.66 m required
- 23% funded

#### Egypt
- 169 m required
- 8% funded

#### Jordan
- 1.475 b required
- 26% funded

### Note

- For Lebanon Carryover funding received in 2019 is reflected in the overall amount received for 2020
- **Full revision of the 3RP plans were done in Q2 and the figures include revised 3RP original requirements and COVID-19 specific requirements**
- **Figures are preliminary and subject to change**
- **Basic Needs and Livelihoods sectors are combined as per country plan**

**NOTE:** This table does not include multi-partner funding under COVID-19 requirements.
Key Funding Shortfalls

EGYPT

85,000 vulnerable Syrian households will not be assisted with winter grants during the winter season unless US$ 3.2 million is received. As a result, vulnerable families may resort to harmful coping strategies to meet their winter needs.

US$ 2.2 million is needed for the distribution of Multi-Purpose Cash (MPC) to 7,500 Syrian families to cover their basic needs from September to December. Without MPC, they may resort to harmful coping strategies to meet their basic needs.

There is a funding gap of US$ 2,000,000 to provide monthly medication for 5,000 Syrian refugees with non-communicable diseases and secondary, tertiary and emergency health care for 600 refugees, and to continue support to the Ministry of Health.

US$ 2,000,000 is needed to provide 28,000 children with education and learning opportunities.

With the current level of available resources, Food Security Sector is facing a pipeline break in early September for its core activities. US$ 29 million is required to ensure continued assistance for the next six months.

IRAQ

US$ 3 million is needed to provide food assistance to some 75,000 refugees residing in camps, including newly identified food insecure households due to COVID-19. The restricted movements combined with the closure of shops and non-essential businesses due to COVID-19 have dramatically affected the food security of low-income families and those whose livelihood depends on daily and seasonal employment.

The Basic Needs Sector is in need of US$ 56.6 million to provide multi-purpose cash assistance to 21,000 vulnerable refugee households and to provide some 100,000 refugees residing in camps, with additional one-off cash assistance to guarantee they have the necessary means to access adequate basic hygiene items.

The Health Sector is in need of US$ 31.7 million to provide with capacity building and material support to the Department of Health and public health labs in KR-I to respond to new health challenges caused by COVID-19. The Health Sector is also closely liaising with the health authorities to mend gaps in terms of medical equipment and supplies.

JORDAN

US$ 25 million is needed to strengthen inclusive national and sub-national social protection system in line with international protection standards in comprehensive, transparent and equitable manners, ensuring the rights of vulnerable refugees and Jordanians are met and a decent life for all is promoted.

A total of US$ 108 million is needed for the food sector. There will be a pipeline break in October without US$ 89 million for food assistance to 520,000 refugees, while also US$ 19 million is needed for food assistance to vulnerable Jordanian families (65% children) and to provide livelihood training to vulnerable Jordanians with a focus on women and youth in both rural and urban settings.

US$ 84 million is needed for the vulnerable Syrian and non-Syrian refugees to meet their basic needs. An estimate of 48,824 vulnerable refugee families will become indebted due to lack of economic activities caused by the strict confinement measures taken during the second quarter of 2020.

US$ 39 million is required to continue supporting the self-reliance and economic empowerment of Syrian refugees and vulnerable Jordanian impacted by the Syria crisis, through resilience interventions of the food security, agriculture and the livelihoods sectors.

LEBANON

US$ 10 million is needed to maintain water and wastewater services as Water Establishments may face a risk of bankruptcy by the end of third quarter which can result in more than 950,000 people being deprived of access to safe water.

US$ 44 million is urgently needed for 500,000 refugees and Lebanese people to have access to medicines to survive, 63,000 refugees to have access to hospital care, and 220 refugees to receive the life-saving dialysis and blood disease treatment they need.

US$ 45 million is needed to support 3,000 Micro, Small and Medium Size Enterprises (MSMEs) with business management training, financial and non-financial services and technology transfer as MSMEs are the main source of income for vulnerable refugees and Lebanese.

The agriculture sector needs US$ 5 million to support 10,000 vulnerable Lebanese farmers to continue agricultural activities which have been affected by the impact of the economic crisis and COVID-19.

US$ 91.3 million is required to ensure continued assistance under food e-cards for 280,000 Syrian refugees and 10,000 vulnerable refugees of other nationalities. Without the funding, Food Sector is only able to continue assistance until the end of September 2020.

TURKEY

US$ 95.5 million is needed to provide protection services to assist the most vulnerable, including child protection services for women and children and prevention from and response to GBV and domestic violence.

US$ 102.5 million is needed to provide vital income support to the most vulnerable across sectors such as unconditional cash transfers to complement Emergency Social Safety Net support, cash for protection, employment retention schemes to sustain formal employment (at least 50% for women).

There is a funding gap of US$ 102.5 million in livelihoods and agriculture sectors to support socio-economic recovery efforts.

The health sector is in need of US$ 16 million to support the resumption of routine health activities such as vaccinations and reproductive health, and to continue responding and preventing COVID-19 through additional purchase of equipment, notably for the delivery of mobile health services.
Pursuing Durable Solutions

KEY DEVELOPMENTS IN THE FIRST HALF OF 2020

COVID-19 had a significant impact on people returning to Syria, with no verified returns between late March and late May 2020 due to enactment of movement restrictions and various border measures. While some countries gradually restarted voluntary repatriation procedures in June, the protection and socio-economic situation of the COVID crisis may impact on the decision-making of those contemplating return. 3RP partners continued with return planning and preparedness activities through the 3RP’s Regional Durable Solutions Working Group (RDSWG) in terms of how to better support refugees who may exercise their right to return in the near term.

Suspension of face-to-face interviews caused by COVID-19 restrictions affected the Resettlement submissions during the second quarter. By end of second quarter, 30% were met against the target. The establishment of the remote case processing helped resume interviews during the second quarter and contributed to the increase in the number of submissions.

In Egypt, refugee community groups and volunteer initiatives have increased the delivery of psychological first aid and communal care arrangements to help vulnerable individuals cope with the stresses of the current situation. Community capacities were enhanced through online training sessions.

Emergency case management modalities are in place in all countries.

As part of the COVID-19 response, 3RP country operations have adjusted to remote case processing modalities, ensuring continuous coordination and functioning of community outreach mechanisms.

Communications with communities through hotline, emails and social media have played increasingly important roles during the second quarter, ensuring two-way communication, timely and accurate information sharing, participation, and feedback system. 3RP countries received 355,000 calls and sent over 3 million of SMS to the population.

Shahem, 21, is a Syrian refugee and fourth year DAFI medical student living in Amman, Jordan with his parents and four other siblings. Due to COVID-19 restriction measures, he has been studying at home as universities are shut.

Photo by UNHCR Jordan / Lilly Carlisle

Protecting People

The 3RP places protection of people at the center of its planning, design, implementation and monitoring of its interventions to ensure that no one is left behind. This approach informs advocacy and support for access to protection, non-refoulement, registration, strengthening of the protection space, prevention from and response to violence and exploitation, case processing, facilitation of referrals and identification of possible solutions.

At Mafraq Child Protection Centre, adolescent girls are involved in civic engagement sessions using movement, games and sports to discuss various topics like child marriage. This project is funded by AFE and EU MADAD.

Photo by Terre des hommes

Refugees continue to require access to territory, international protection, and support in countries of asylum. Given the protracted nature of the crisis, opportunities for durable solutions are urgently needed so refugees can look to the future with hope and dignity.

KEY DEVELOPMENTS IN THE FIRST HALF OF 2020

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In Egypt, refugee community groups and volunteer initiatives have increased the delivery of psychological first aid and communal care arrangements to help vulnerable individuals cope with the stresses of the current situation. Community capacities were enhanced through online training sessions.
Enhancing Local & National Capacities

Enhancing local and national capacities across the region is one of the priorities of the 3RP—broadening the capacity of institutions and systems to provide protection and essential socio-economic services; fostering the conditions for durable solutions; and increasing opportunities for impacted communities to realize dignified lives.

KEY DEVELOPMENTS IN THE FIRST HALF OF 2020

- 47,600 hygiene kits for refugee and host community households in 38 provinces through 62 partners including local authorities, municipalities and NGOs were distributed in Turkey.
- In 2020, 3RP partners have secured US$ 217 million worth of support to national and local institutions, which is the highest funding secured since 2017. The assistance includes some 5,000 personal protective equipment and 8,000 latex gloves as well as goggles, thermometers and sanitizers were provided to the Turkish border authorities at the western borders of Edirne and Canakkale.
- In Lebanon, expansion and rehabilitation works are completed at three government hospitals to create more space for COVID-19 patients regardless of their nationalities.
- Joint initiatives among UN agencies are emerging in Jordan, Turkey and Lebanon to address immediate needs and mid/long-term needs. The joint programs aim at improving the relationships between the refugees and host community populations through capacity training of public servants and improving individual employability and business start-up support.

Supporting Dignified Lives

The crisis continues to impact protection and socio-economic well-being of vulnerable populations due to a range of factors. Addressing the multiple deprivations facing refugees and vulnerable host populations and supporting enabling conditions and opportunities for all to lead a dignified life is a priority for all 3RP partners across a range of sectors.

KEY DEVELOPMENTS IN THE FIRST HALF OF 2020

- 1,509 vulnerable host community members, Palestinian refugees in Lebanon and from Syria, and Syrian refugees were benefited from market based skill training in Lebanon (of those 57% were women).
- In Jordan, learning materials were distributed to nearly 20,000 vulnerable Grade 4-6 students (50% female) in refugee camps and temporary settlements while also 10,000 families with school-aged children in refugee camps were provided with 10GB of free internet data per month to enable access to online learning to ensure continued learning for the most vulnerable populations.
- In Egypt, 142,600 refugees received cash for food for two months, 8,000 pregnant and lactating women received unconditional cash grants and 1,664 cases received protection interim/emergency cash grants for two months.
- In Jordan, through the Heart of Amman project, which targets areas with high number of Syrian refugees in downtown Amman to promote social cohesion and self-reliance, 29 startups (30% women entrepreneurs) were provided with seed capital ranging from US$7,000 to $10,000 to the impacted vulnerable host communities to start a social enterprise.

A total of 672 shelters in camps in Erbil Governorate got upgraded even through delay of infrastructure works were encountered. Infrastructure programs will put more focus on promoting self-reliance through community mobilization, improvement of social-economic conditions, social cohesion and accessibility, capacity building, and expansion of service facilities during the second half of 2020.

Photo by UNICEF Iraq / Rashad Hussein

Photo by WHO Turkey / Rocío Lopez
WE THANK OUR DONORS FOR THEIR GENEROUS SUPPORT FOR 3RP ACTIVITIES

The work of 3RP partners would not have been possible without the extremely generous support of donors.

As well as member states, 3RP Partners are grateful to private donors, humanitarian funds, foundations, charities and other organizations for their contributions. 3RP Partners would also like to acknowledge the huge contribution of host countries who have contributed to the response in many ways including making their services available to refugee populations, at great expense. The member state donors above are gratefully acknowledged for their contributions in 2020.

For more details on the 3RP, please contact the 3RP Secretariat:

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FURTHER PUBLICATIONS

Access and download 3RP regional publications. Country specific publications from Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Lebanon and Turkey are accessible on the 3RP website.

REGIONAL STRATEGIC OVERVIEW 2020-2021
COVID-19 RESPONSE
2019 ANNUAL REPORT

click here
click here
click here